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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTE COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

IN RE ORDER REQUIRING APPLE, INC. TO ASSIST IN THE EXECUTION OF A SEARCH WARRANT ISSUED BY THIS COURT

Case No. SOUTHERN DIST OHIO APPLICATION STERN DIV DAYTON

Filed Under Seal

INTRODUCTION

The United States of America, by and through Carter M. Stewart, United States Attorney, and Alex Sistla, Assistant United States Attorney, hereby moves this Court under the All Writs Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1651, for an order requiring Apple, Inc. ("Apple") to assist in the execution of a federal search warrant by bypassing the lock screen of an iOS device, specifically, an Apple iPod.

FACTS

The Federal Bureau of Investigation currently has in its possession an iOS device that was seized pursuant to a search warrant issued by this Court. Based on the investigation, it was identified that the iOS device is locked. Because the iOS device is locked, law enforcement agents are not able to examine the data stored on the iOS device as commanded by the search warrant.

The iOS device is an iPad. It has Model A1421 and serial number CCQMXDVKG22T.

Apple, the creator of the iOS operating system and producer of the iOS device, may be capable of retrieving data stored on the iOS device that is not currently accessible to the Federal Bureau of Investigation because the iOS device is locked. This Application seeks an order requiring Apple to use any such capability, so as to assist agents in complying with the search warrant.

DISCUSSION

The All Writs Act provides that "[t]he Supreme Court and all courts established by Act of Congress may issue all writs necessary or appropriate in aid of their respective jurisdictions and agreeable to the usages and principles of law." 28 U.S.C. § 1651(a). As the Supreme Court explained,

"[t]he All Writs Act is a residual source of authority to issue writs that are not otherwise covered by

statute." Pennsylvania Bureau of Correction v. United States Marshals Service, 474 U.S. 34, 43

(1985). "The power conferred by the Act extends, under appropriate circumstances, to persons who,

though not parties to the original action or engaged in wrongdoing, are in a position to frustrate the

implementation of a court order or the proper administration of justice... and encompasses even those

who have not taken any affirmative action to hinder justice." United States v. New York Tel. Co., 434

U.S. 159, 174 (1977). Specifically, in *United States v. New York Tel. Co.*, the Supreme Court held that

the All Writs Act permitted district courts to order a telephone company to effectuate a search warrant

by installing a pen register. Under the reasoning of New York Tel. Co., this Court has the authority to

order Apple to use any capabilities it may have to assist in effectuating the search warrant.

The government is aware, and can represent, that in other cases, courts have ordered Apple to

assist in effectuating search warrants under the authority of the All Writs Act. Additionally, Apple has

complied with such orders.

The requested order would enable agents to comply with this Court's warrant commanding that

the iOS device be examined for evidence identified by the warrant. Examining the iOS device without

Apple's assistance, if it is possible at all, would require significant resources and may harm the iOS

device. Moreover, the order is not likely to place any unreasonable burden on Apple.

Respectfully submitted,

Alex Sistla, Assistant United States Attorney

Date: 9/14/15

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